## **House of Representatives**



General Assembly

File No. 228

February Session, 2008

Substitute House Bill No. 5324

House of Representatives, March 27, 2008

The Committee on Planning and Development reported through REP. FELTMAN of the 6th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

## AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PROGRAM REVIEW AND INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE STUDY OF REGIONAL PLANNING ORGANIZATIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 4-124i of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 3 As used in sections 4-124i to 4-124p, inclusive:
- 4 [(a)] (1) "Planning region" means a planning region of the state as
- 5 defined or redefined by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and
- 6 Management, or his designee under the provisions of section 16a-4a;
- 7 [(b)] (2) "Regional council of elected officials" means any regional
- 8 council of elected officials organized under the provisions of this
- 9 chapter;
- 10 [(c)] (3) "Regional planning agency" means any regional planning

- 11 agency organized under the provisions of chapter 127;
- 12 [(d)] (4) "Chief elected official" means the highest ranking elected
- 13 governmental official of any town, city or borough within the state;
- 14 [(e)] (5) "Elected official" means any selectman, mayor, alderman, or
- 15 member of a common council or other similar legislative body of any
- 16 town or city, or warden or burgess of any borough;
- 17 [(f)] (6) "Council" means a regional council of governments
- 18 organized under the provisions of sections 4-124i to 4-124p, inclusive;
- 19 [(g)] (7) "Member" means any town, city or borough within a
- 20 planning region of the state having become a member of a regional
- 21 council of governments in accordance with said sections;
- 22 (8) "Regional planning organization" means a regional council of
- 23 governments organized under the provisions of sections 4-124i to 4-
- 24 124p, inclusive, a regional council of elected officials organized under
- 25 the provisions of section 4-124c to 4-124h, inclusive, or a regional
- 26 planning agency organized under the provisions of chapter 127.
- 27 Sec. 2. Subsection (b) of section 23-102 of the general statutes is
- 28 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 29 October 1, 2008):
- 30 (b) The duties of the council shall be: (1) To advise and assist in the
- 31 coordination of state agencies, municipalities, regional planning
- 32 organizations, as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act, and
- 33 private citizens in voluntarily planning and implementing a system of
- 34 greenways; (2) to operate a greenways help center to advise state
- 35 agencies, municipalities, regional planning organizations, as defined in
- 36 section 4-124i, as amended by this act, and private citizens in the
- 37 technical aspects of planning, designing and implementing greenways,
- 38 including advice on securing state, federal and nongovernmental
- 39 grants; (3) to establish criteria for designation of greenways; (4) to
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- maintain an inventory of greenways in the state which shall include
- 41 the location of greenways transportation projects which have received

42 grants under sections 23-101, 32-6a, 32-9qq and 32-328; (5) to advise the

- 43 Commissioner of Economic and Community Development on the
- 44 distribution of grants for greenways transportation projects pursuant
- 45 to sections 32-6a, 32-9qq and 32-328; and (6) to advise the
- 46 Commissioner of Environmental Protection on the distribution of
- 47 grants pursuant to section 23-101.
- Sec. 3. Subsection (d) of section 25-204 of the 2008 supplement to the
- 49 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 50 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):

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(d) Upon completion of an inventory, statement of objectives and map pursuant to subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section, the river committee shall publish in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the affected area at least thirty days' notice of a public hearing to be held in one of the municipalities represented on the committee. Such hearing shall provide an opportunity for public comment regarding such documents and the committee shall also provide for the submission of written comments to such committee regarding such documents. After considering all comments received, the river committee shall revise said documents as appropriate and submit them to the commissioner and the secretary. Within ninety days of receiving the revised documents, the commissioner shall provide written comments to the river committee and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the secretary. The secretary shall coordinate a review of the revised documents by all other relevant state agencies and regional planning organizations, [established pursuant to section 8-31a] as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act, and, within ninety days of receiving such revised documents, shall provide written comments thereon to the river committee and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the commissioner. After considering all comments received from the commissioner and the secretary, the river committee shall adopt an inventory, statement of objectives and map and shall publish, in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the affected area, notice of the adoption of the inventory, statement of objectives and map.

Sec. 4. Subsection (f) of section 25-204 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):

(f) (1) After adoption of an inventory, statement of objectives and map pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the river committee shall prepare a river corridor protection plan. The river committee shall publish in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area at least thirty days' notice of a public hearing to be held in one of the municipalities represented on the committee. Such hearing shall provide an opportunity for public comment regarding the plan and the committee shall also provide for the submission of written comments on the plan. The committee shall send a copy of such notice to the chief elected official of each municipality located wholly or partially in the subregional drainage basin in which the subject river corridor is located and shall send such notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each person who owns property adjacent to the river segment which is the subject of the river corridor proposed for designation under section 25-205. After considering all comments received, the river committee shall revise said documents as appropriate and submit them to the commissioner and the secretary. Within ninety days of receiving the revised documents, commissioner shall provide written comments to the river committee and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the secretary. The secretary shall coordinate a review of the revised documents by all other relevant state agencies and regional planning organizations, [established pursuant to section 8-31a] as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act, and within ninety days of receiving such documents shall provide written comments thereon to the river commission and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the commissioner. After considering all comments received from the commissioner and the secretary, the river committee shall revise the river corridor protection plan as appropriate and shall publish in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area notice of the availability of the response to comments and the revised plan.

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(2) A river corridor protection plan shall set forth a strategy for achieving the protection and preservation objectives contained in the statement of objectives adopted pursuant to subsection (d) of this section and for reconciling existing incompatible uses with resource preservation. Such plan shall make recommendations for the modification of municipal plans of conservation and development and zoning, subdivision, site plan and wetlands regulations as necessary to allow implementation of the river corridor protection plan and to assure that each member municipality similarly preserves that portion of the river corridor under its jurisdiction. Such plan shall recommend that applicable municipal regulations be modified to prohibit mining, moving of earth and dredging, other than dredging to maintain existing uses, within the river corridor. Such plan may set out guidelines for disturbing vegetation within the river corridor and identify areas where clear-cutting should be prohibited; may recommend municipal adoption of programs to minimize pollution or development of the river corridor and maximize voluntary private preservation efforts; shall consider land and water uses which may be compatible with river protection, including hydropower, agriculture, recreation and waste discharges and may recommend appropriate revisions of any state or regional plans of development or municipal plans of conservation and development or open space plans. Such plan shall include a time schedule for state and municipal implementation of such regulatory modifications and programs.

(3) A river corridor protection plan shall include the results of an instream flow study if the commissioner deems it necessary. An instream flow study shall be conducted in accordance with the commissioner's guidance and shall document water flow in the river corridor for the purpose of determining whether there is sufficient flow to allow withdrawals of water consistent with the resource protection and preservation objectives of the river corridor protection plan.

Sec. 5. Subsections (d) to (f), inclusive, of section 25-234 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is

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substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2008):

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(d) Upon completion of an inventory, statement of objectives and map pursuant to subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section, the river commission shall publish in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area notice of a public hearing to be held not less than thirty days thereafter in one of the municipalities represented on the commission. Such hearing shall provide an opportunity for oral and written comments regarding such documents. After considering all comments received, the river commission shall revise said documents as appropriate and submit them to the commissioner and the secretary. Within sixty days of receiving the revised documents, the commissioner shall provide written comments to the river commission and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the secretary. The secretary shall coordinate a review of the revised documents by all other relevant state agencies and regional planning organizations, [established pursuant to section 8-31a] as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act, and, within ninety days of receiving such revised documents, shall provide written comments thereon to the river commission and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the commissioner. After considering all comments received from the commissioner and the secretary, the river commission shall adopt a final inventory, statement of objectives and map and shall publish, in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area, notice of the adoption of the final inventory, statement of objectives and map.

(e) After adoption of an inventory, statement of objectives and map, pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the river commission shall prepare a report on all federal, state, regional and municipal laws, plans, programs and proposed activities which may affect the river corridor defined in such map. Such federal, state, regional and municipal laws shall include regulations adopted pursuant to chapter 440, and zoning, subdivision and site plan regulations adopted pursuant to section 8-3. Such federal, state, regional and municipal plans shall include plans of development adopted pursuant to section

8-23 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, the state plan for conservation and development, water utility supply plans submitted pursuant to section 25-32d, coordinated water system plans submitted pursuant to section 25-33h, the master transportation plan adopted pursuant to section 13b-15, plans prepared by regional planning organizations, [pursuant to section 8-31a] as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act, and plans of publicly-owned wastewater treatment facilities whose discharges may affect the subject river corridor. State and regional agencies shall, within available resources, assist the river commission in identifying such laws, plans, programs and proposed activities. The report to be prepared pursuant to this section shall identify any conflicts between such federal, state, regional and municipal laws, plans, programs and proposed activities and the river commission's objectives for river corridor management as reflected in the statement of objectives. If conflicts are identified, the river commission shall notify the applicable state, regional or municipal agencies and such agencies shall, within available resources and in consultation with the river commission, attempt to resolve such conflicts.

(f) (1) After adoption of an inventory, statement of objectives and map pursuant to subsection (d) of this section and completion of a report pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, the river commission shall prepare a river corridor management plan. The river commission shall publish in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area notice of a public hearing to be held not less than thirty days thereafter in one of the municipalities represented on the commission. Such hearing shall provide an opportunity for oral and written comment regarding the plan. The commission shall send a copy of such notice to the chief elected official of each municipality located wholly or partially in the subregional drainage basin in which the subject river corridor is located and shall send such notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each person who owns property adjacent to the river segment which is the subject of the river corridor. After considering all comments received, the river commission shall revise said documents as appropriate and submit

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them to the commissioner and the secretary. Within sixty days of receiving the revised documents, the commissioner shall provide written comments to the river commission and shall furnish a copy of such comments to the secretary. The secretary shall coordinate a review of the revised documents by all relevant state agencies and regional planning organizations, [established pursuant to section 8-31a] as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act. Within ninety days of the date the secretary receives such revised documents, he shall provide written comments thereon to the river commission and to the commissioner. After considering all comments received from the commissioner and the secretary, the river commission shall prepare a document responding to all comments received, shall revise the river corridor management plan as appropriate and shall publish in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area notice of the availability of the response to comments and the revised plan.

(2) A river corridor management plan shall set forth a strategy for achieving the objectives contained in the statement of objectives adopted pursuant to subsection (d) of this section for the river corridor mapped pursuant to said subsection and for resolving any conflicts identified in the report prepared pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. Such plan shall make recommendations for the modification of municipal plans of development and zoning, subdivision, site plan and wetlands regulations as necessary to allow implementation of such plan and to assure that each member municipality similarly manages that portion of the river corridor under its jurisdiction. Such recommendations may concern tourism, navigation, utility and transportation rights-of-way and water-dependent recreational, industrial, commercial and other uses, as well as proposals for specific setbacks from the river, dimensions of new lots and buildings, restrictions on cutting of vegetation, restrictions on earth-moving for mining or other purposes, prohibited activities and regulation of paving and other forms of impervious ground cover. Such plan may also include recommendations that member municipalities enact or adopt incentives for property owners to protect lands within the river corridor and to develop such lands in a manner that is compatible with

resource protection. Such incentives may include tax credits for donation to appropriate parties of open space easements or land development rights and incentives for cluster development.

- (3) The river corridor management plan shall include the results of an instream flow study if the commissioner deems it necessary. An instream flow study shall be conducted in accordance with the commissioner's guidance and shall document water flow in the river corridor for the purpose of determining whether there is sufficient flow to allow withdrawals of water consistent with the resource protection and enhancement objectives of the river corridor management plan.
- Sec. 6. Section 4-124h of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- Wherever a regional council of elected officials exists in a region where there is no regional planning agency [, such] or regional council of governments, the regional council of elected officials may exercise all the powers of a regional planning agency [as defined in] organized under chapter 127, [of the general statutes, as amended] or a regional council of governments organized under the provisions of sections 4-124i to 4-124p, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 7. Section 8-33a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
  - The regional planning agency shall annually elect from among its members a chairman, a treasurer, who shall be bonded, and such other officers as the agency determines. Bylaws shall be adopted by the agency. Such bylaws shall include provisions for quarterly meetings on regional issues with the chief elected officials of the towns, cities or boroughs that are members of the regional planning agency. All meetings of the agency shall be held at the call of the chairman and at such other times as the agency determines. The treasurer shall receive all funds and moneys of the agency and shall pay out the same only in accordance with the bylaws and within limits of such receipts. The

agency shall keep minutes of all its meetings and official actions, which minutes shall be filed in the office of the agency and shall be a public record. Each regional planning agency shall file an annual report with the chief executive officers, town, city or borough clerks, as the case may be, and planning commissions, if any, of member towns, cities or boroughs, and with the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or his designee.

- Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) As used in this section:
- 288 (1) "Planning region" means a planning region of the state as 289 defined or redefined by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 290 Management, or the designee of the secretary, under the provisions of 291 section 16a-4a of the general statutes, as amended by this act;
  - (2) "Project of regional significance" means a project that (A) is located in a municipality in a regional planning area and such project impacts other municipalities in such regional planning area or that is located in a municipality in a regional planning area that is contiguous to a municipality in another regional planning area, and (B) meets the criteria for a project of regional significance, as specified in regulations adopted by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management under subsection (c) of this section; and
  - (3) "Regional planning organization" means a regional planning organization as defined in section 4-124i of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
  - (b) Whenever a petition, application or request for a project of regional significance is submitted to a zoning commission or planning and zoning commission under chapter 124 of the general statutes, such zoning commission or planning and zoning commission shall give written notice of such petition, application or request, not more than thirty days before such hearing, to the regional planning organization operating in the region within which the municipality is located and to any other regional planning organization where there is a municipality contiguous to the municipality in which the project is located. The

regional planning organization shall study such proposal and shall report its findings and recommendations thereon to the zoning commission or planning and zoning commission at or before the hearing. The report shall analyze the compliance of the project with the regional plan of conservation and development and other issues the regional planning organization deems critical to the analysis. The report shall be made a part of the record of such hearing. If such report of the regional organization is not submitted at or before the hearing, it shall be presumed that such organization does not disapprove of the proposal.

- (c) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with the Interagency Steering Council established pursuant to Executive Order No. 15, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, establishing criteria to define projects of regional significance. In establishing such criteria, the secretary shall take into consideration factors including, but not limited to, location, type and size of the project.
- Sec. 9. Subsection (a) of section 8-7d of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
  - (a) In all matters wherein a formal petition, application, request or appeal must be submitted to a zoning commission, planning and zoning commission or zoning board of appeals under this chapter, a planning commission under chapter 126 or an inland wetlands agency under chapter 440 or an aquifer protection agency under chapter 446i and a hearing is required or otherwise held on such petition, application, request or appeal, such hearing shall commence within sixty-five days after receipt of such petition, application, request or appeal and shall be completed within thirty-five days after such hearing commences, unless a shorter period of time is required under this chapter, chapter 126, chapter 440 or chapter 446i. Notice of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation

345 in such municipality where the land that is the subject of the hearing is 346 located at least twice, at intervals of not less than two days, the first not 347 more than fifteen days or less than ten days and the last not less than 348 two days before the date set for the hearing. In the case of an 349 application for a project of regional significance, as defined in section 8 350 of this act, notice shall be given not less than thirty days before such 351 hearing to the regional planning organization, as defined in section 4-352 124i, as amended by this act, operating within the region that the 353 municipality is located and to any other regional planning 354 organization, as defined in section 4-124i, as amended by this act, 355 where there is a municipality contiguous to the municipality in which 356 the project is located. In addition to such notice, such commission, 357 board or agency may, by regulation, provide for additional notice. 358 Such regulations shall include provisions that the notice be mailed to 359 persons who own land that is adjacent to the land that is the subject of 360 the hearing or be provided by posting a sign on the land that is the 361 subject of the hearing, or both. For purposes of such additional notice, 362 (1) proof of mailing shall be evidenced by a certificate of mailing, and 363 (2) the person who owns land shall be the owner indicated on the 364 property tax map or on the last-completed grand list as of the date such notice is mailed. All applications and maps and documents 365 366 relating thereto shall be open for public inspection. At such hearing, 367 any person or persons may appear and be heard and may be 368 represented by agent or by attorney. All decisions on such matters 369 shall be rendered not later than sixty-five days after completion of such 370 hearing, unless a shorter period of time is required under this chapter, 371 chapter 126, chapter 440 or chapter 446i. The petitioner or applicant 372 may consent to one or more extensions of any period specified in this 373 subsection, provided the total extension of all such periods shall not be 374 for longer than sixty-five days, or may withdraw such petition, 375 application, request or appeal.

Sec. 10. Section 16a-4a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):

The Office of Policy and Management shall:

(1) Formulate and prepare state-wide or interregional plans for the physical, social and economic development of the state. Such plans may be prepared jointly or in consultation with other state, interstate, federal, regional or local agencies. Such plans may include, but need not be limited to, (A) demographic projections, (B) economic projections, (C) land use and water considerations, (D) transportation requirements, (E) environmental considerations, (F) energy capabilities and requirements, (G) public facilities, (H) labor needs and skills, (I) educational objectives, (J) housing needs and (K) health needs;

- (2) Receive for review, information and recommendations, plans proposed by any state agency acting alone or jointly which has among its duties planning responsibilities relating to those considerations set forth in subdivision (1) of this section or similar subjects;
- 392 (3) Coordinate regional and state planning activities and accomplish 393 such planning review activities as may be necessary;
  - (4) Designate or redesignate logical planning regions within the state and promote and assist in the promotion and continuation of regional planning agencies under chapter 127. Such planning regions shall be redesignated in accordance with section 11 of this act;
  - (5) Provide for technical aid and the administration of financial assistance to regional planning agencies established under chapter 127 or any regional council of elected officials in any region without a regional planning agency or any regional council of governments organized under sections 4-124i to 4-124p, inclusive, as amended by this act, under such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the secretary;
    - (6) Accept from any source funds, revenue or other consideration available to this state for interstate, state, regional, interregional or area planning activities or projects and provide for the administration of such funds, revenues or other consideration;
- 409 (7) Make available to the public, for a reasonable fee, all reports,

testing results and other material developed or procured as a result of activities authorized by this section, section 16a-14 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes and section 16a-14b; and

- 413 (8) Provide technical assistance to municipalities that want to 414 aggregate electric generation services.
- 415 Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) On or before October 1, 416 2011, and at least every twenty years thereafter, the Secretary of the 417 Office of Policy and Management shall conduct an analysis of the 418 boundaries of logical planning regions designated or redesignated 419 under section 16a-4a of the general statutes, as amended by this act. As 420 part of such analysis, the secretary shall develop criteria to evaluate the 421 impact of urban centers on neighboring towns. Such criteria shall 422 include, but not be limited to, criteria to (1) evaluate trends in 423 economic development and the environment, including trends in 424 housing patterns, employment levels, commuting patterns for the most 425 common job classifications in the state, traffic patterns on major 426 roadways, and local perceptions of social and historic ties; and (2) 427 establish a minimum size for logical planning areas that takes into 428 consideration the number of municipalities, total population and the 429 total square mileage.
- (b) Any revision to the boundaries based on the analysis completed on or before October 1, 2011, shall be effective July 1, 2012. Any subsequent revision shall be effective on July first after the revision.
- Sec. 12. Section 16a-27 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- (a) The secretary, after consultation with all appropriate state, regional and local agencies and other appropriate persons, shall prior to March 1, 2009, complete a revision of the existing plan and enlarge it to include, but not be limited to, policies relating to transportation, energy and air. Any revision made after May 15, 1991, shall identify the major transportation proposals, including proposals for mass transit, contained in the master transportation plan prepared pursuant

to section 13b-15. Any revision made after July 1, 1995, shall take into consideration the conservation and development of greenways that have been designated by municipalities and shall recommend that state agencies coordinate their efforts to support the development of a state-wide greenways system. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall identify state-owned land for inclusion in the plan as potential components of a state greenways system.

- (b) Any revision made after August 20, 2003, shall take into account (1) economic and community development needs and patterns of commerce, and (2) linkages of affordable housing objectives and land use objectives with transportation systems.
- (c) Any revision made after March 1, 2006, shall (1) take into consideration risks associated with natural hazards, including, but not limited to, flooding, high winds and wildfires; (2) identify the potential impacts of natural hazards on infrastructure and property; and (3) make recommendations for the siting of future infrastructure and property development to minimize the use of areas prone to natural hazards, including, but not limited to, flooding, high winds and wildfires.
  - (d) Any revision <u>made</u> after July 1, 2005, shall describe the progress towards achievement of the goals and objectives established in the previously adopted state plan of conservation and development and shall identify (1) areas where it is prudent and feasible (A) to have compact, transit accessible, pedestrian-oriented mixed-use development patterns and land reuse, and (B) to promote such development patterns and land reuse, (2) priority funding areas designated under section 16a-35c, and (3) corridor management areas on either side of a limited access highway or a rail line. In designating corridor the management areas, secretary shall make recommendations that (A) promote land use and transportation options to reduce the growth of traffic congestion; (B) connect infrastructure and other development decisions; (C) promote development that minimizes the cost of new infrastructure facilities

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475 and maximizes the use of existing infrastructure facilities; and (D) 476 increase intermunicipal and regional cooperation.

- 477 (e) Any revision made after October 1, 2008, shall (1) for each policy 478 recommended (A) assign a priority; (B) estimate funding for 479 implementation and identify potential funding sources; (C) identify 480 each entity responsible for implementation; and (D) establish a 481 schedule for implementation; and (2) for each growth management
- 482 principle, determine three benchmarks to measure progress in
- 483 implementation of the principles, one of which shall be a financial
- 484 benchmark.
- 485 [(e)] (f) Thereafter on or before March first in each revision year the 486 secretary shall complete a revision of the plan of conservation and 487 development.
- 488 Sec. 13. Section 4-124s of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes 489 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 490 1, 2008):
- 491 (a) For purposes of this section, (1) "regional council of 492 governments" means any such council organized under the provisions 493 of sections 4-124i to 4-124p, inclusive, (2) "regional council of elected 494 officials" means any such council organized under the provisions of 495 sections 4-124c to 4-124h, inclusive, and (3) "regional planning agency" 496 means an agency defined in chapter 127.
- 497 (b) There is established a regional performance incentive program 498 that shall be administered by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 499 Management. On or before December 1, 2007, [and annually 500 thereafter,] any regional planning agency, any regional council of elected officials, any regional council of governments, or any 502 combination thereof, may submit to said secretary a proposal for joint 503 provision of a service or services that are currently provided by 504 municipalities within the region of such agency or council or 505 contiguous thereto, but not currently provided on a regional basis. The proposal shall include such service or services which may

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increase the participating municipalities' purchasing power or provide a cost savings initiative resulting in a decrease in participating municipalities' expenses and lower property taxes.] On or before December 31, 2008, and annually thereafter, any such entity may submit a proposal to said secretary for: (1) The joint provision of any service that one or more participating municipalities of such council or agency currently provide but which is not provided on a regional basis; (2) the joint provision of any service that is not currently provided within the region of such council or agency or the region contiguous thereto, by such council or agency or by any participating municipalities of such council or agency; or (3) a planning study regarding the joint provision of any service on a regional basis. A copy of said proposal shall be sent to the legislators representing said participating municipalities.

(c) The proposal shall (1) describe at least one service currently provided by a municipality or municipalities within the region of the agency or council or contiguous thereto, but not currently provided on a regional basis, (2) provide a description of how such service would be delivered on a regional basis, including consideration of what entity would be responsible for such service, and how the population would continue to be served, (3) describe the amount and the manner in which the service will achieve economies of scale and the amount and manner in which each municipality will reduce its mill rate as a result of the savings realized by changing the municipal service to a regional service, (4) include a cost benefit analysis for the provision of such service by the municipality and by the council or agency, (5) set out a plan of implementation for such regional service, (6) estimate the savings that will be realized by each municipality, and (7) any other items requested by said secretary. Each proposal shall have attached to it (A) a resolution by the legislative body of each municipality affected by the proposal endorsing such proposal; and (B) certification by each such municipality that there are no legal obstacles to provision of services in the manner specified in the proposal including, but not limited to, binding arbitration. The proposal shall be submitted on a form prescribed by said secretary. Said secretary shall review all such

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proposals, and award grants to those that the secretary determines best meet the requirements of this subsection. In making such grants the secretary shall give priority to proposals presented by regional councils of government which include participation of at least fifty per cent of the member municipalities of such council.]

- (c) (1) An entity specified in subsection (a) of this section shall submit each proposal in the form and manner said secretary prescribes and shall, at a minimum, provide the following information for each proposal: (A) Service description; (B) the explanation of the need for such service; (C) the method of delivering such service on a regional basis; (D) the organization that would be responsible for regional service delivery; (E) a description of the population that would be served; (F) the manner in which regional service delivery will achieve economies of scale; (G) the amount by which participating municipalities will reduce their mill rates as a result of savings realized; (H) a cost benefit analysis for the provision of the service by each participating municipality and by the entity submitting the proposal; (I) a plan of implementation for delivery of the service on a regional basis; (J) a resolution endorsing such proposal approved by the legislative body of each participating municipality, or, in any town where the legislative body is a town meeting, by the board of selectmen; and (K) an explanation of the potential legal obstacles, if any, to the regional provision of the service.
- 565 (2) The secretary shall review each proposal and shall award grants for proposals the secretary determines best meet the requirements of 566 567 this section. In awarding such grants, the secretary shall give priority to a proposal submitted by any entity specified in subsection (a) of this 568 section that includes participation of all of the member municipalities 569 570 of such entity, and which may increase the purchasing power of such 571 member municipalities or provide a cost savings initiative resulting in 572 a decrease in expenses of such municipalities, allowing such 573 municipalities to lower property taxes.
  - (d) [Not later than February 1, 2008, and annually thereafter, the]

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The secretary shall submit to the Governor and the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to finance, revenue and bonding a report on the grants provided pursuant to this section. Each such report shall include information on the amount of each grant, and the potential of each grant for leveraging other public and private investments. The secretary shall submit a report for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2007, not later than February 1, 2008, and shall submit a report for each subsequent fiscal year not later than the first day of March in such fiscal year.

- Sec. 14. Section 8-35a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
  - (a) At least once every ten years, each regional planning agency shall make a plan of conservation and development for its area of operation, showing its recommendations for the general use of the area including land use, housing, principal highways and freeways, bridges, airports, parks, playgrounds, recreational areas, schools, public institutions, public utilities, agriculture and such other matters as, in the opinion of the agency, will be beneficial to the area. Any regional plan so developed shall be based on studies of physical, social, economic and governmental conditions and trends and shall be designed to promote with the greatest efficiency and economy the coordinated development of its area of operation and the general welfare and prosperity of its people. Such plan may encourage energyefficient patterns of development, the use of solar and other renewable forms of energy, and energy conservation. Such plan shall be designed to promote abatement of the pollution of the waters and air of the region. The regional plan shall identify areas where it is feasible and prudent (1) to have compact, transit accessible, pedestrian-oriented mixed use development patterns and land reuse, and (2) to promote such development patterns and land reuse and shall note any inconsistencies with the following growth management principles: (A) Redevelopment and revitalization of regional centers and areas of

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mixed land uses with existing or planned physical infrastructure; (B) expansion of housing opportunities and design accommodate a variety of household types and needs; (C) concentration of development around transportation nodes and along transportation corridors support viability major to the transportation options and land reuse; (D) conservation and restoration of the natural environment, cultural and historical resources and traditional rural lands; (E) protection of environmental assets critical to public health and safety; and (F) integration of planning across all levels of government to address issues on a local, regional and state-wide basis. The plan of each region contiguous to Long Island Sound shall be designed to reduce hypoxia, pathogens, toxic contaminants and floatable debris in Long Island Sound.

(b) Before adopting the regional plan of conservation and development or any part thereof or amendment thereto the agency shall hold at least one public hearing thereon, notice of the time, place and subject of which shall be given in writing to the chief executive officer and planning commission, where one exists, of each member town, city or borough. Notice of the time, place and subject of such hearing shall be published once in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the region. Such notices shall be given not more than twenty days or less than ten days before such hearing. At least sixtyfive days before the public hearing the regional planning agency shall post the plan on the Internet web site of the agency, if any, and submit the plan to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management for findings in the form of comments and recommendations. [Such findings shall By October 1, 2011, the secretary shall establish, by regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, <u>criteria for such findings which shall</u> include <u>procedures for a uniform</u> review of [the plan] regional plans of conservation and development to determine if [the] a proposed regional plan of conservation and development is not inconsistent with the state plan of conservation and development and the state economic strategic plan. [Such notices shall be given not more than twenty days nor less than ten days before such hearing.] The regional planning agency shall note on the record

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any inconsistency with the state plan of conservation and development and the reasons for such inconsistency. Adoption of the plan or part thereof or amendment thereto shall be made by the affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the representatives on the agency. The plan shall be posted on the Internet web site of the agency, if any, and a copy of the plan or of any amendments thereto, signed by the chairman of the agency, shall be transmitted to the chief executive officers, the town, city or borough clerks, as the case may be, and to planning commissions, if any, in member towns, cities or boroughs, and to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or his designee. The regional planning agency shall notify the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management of any inconsistency with the state plan of conservation and development and the reasons therefor.

- (c) The regional planning agency shall revise the plan of conservation and development not more than three years after July 1, 2005.
  - (d) The regional planning agency shall assist municipalities within its region and state agencies and may assist other public and private agencies in developing and carrying out any regional plan or plans of such regional planning agency. The regional planning agency may provide administrative, management, technical or planning assistance to municipalities within its region and other public agencies under such terms as it may determine, provided, prior to entering into an agreement for assistance to any municipality or other public agency, the regional planning agency shall have adopted a policy governing such assistance. The regional planning agency may be compensated by the municipality or other public agency with which an agreement for assistance has been made for all or part of the cost of such assistance.
- Sec. 15. Section 8-389 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- Upon the incorporation of a successfully negotiated regional fair housing compact into a regional plan of <u>conservation and</u> development by a regional planning agency pursuant to section 8-386,

the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development and the Connecticut Housing Authority may give priority to any application for financial or technical assistance made by a municipality, housing authority or eligible developer as defined in subsection (u) of section 8-39 in connection with any project located in a municipality which has

Sec. 16. Section 25-206 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):

approved the regional fair housing compact pursuant to section 8-386.

- (a) Within thirty days of designation of a river corridor, the river committee shall file the approved map and approved river corridor protection plan in the office of the town clerk of each member municipality.
- (b) Within one year of designation of a river corridor, each member municipality shall amend its zoning, subdivision, site plan and wetlands regulations, its municipal plan of conservation and development and any other applicable laws or plans in accordance with the recommendations of the approved river corridor protection plan. The river committee shall assist member municipalities in adopting any such amendments, and on behalf of a member municipality may petition the commissioner for an extension of the one-year deadline specified in this subsection for amending applicable laws. Before adopting any such amendment, a member municipality shall submit the proposed amendment to the commissioner, and such proposed amendment shall not be adopted unless the commissioner finds in writing that it is consistent with the approved river corridor protection plan.
- (c) After a member municipality has completed amending applicable laws and plans pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, no zoning variance or other exception to any such amended law shall be granted unless the zoning board of appeals for such municipality, in consultation with the river committee, finds in writing that it is compatible with the approved river corridor protection plan.

(d) (1) Every major state plan other than the state plan for conservation and development, to the extent that it affects a designated river corridor, shall be consistent with the approved river corridor protection plan for such corridor, and any state plan which is inconsistent with such approved river corridor protection plan shall be modified accordingly. Such modifications shall be made in consultation with the commissioner at the next scheduled revision of such plan.

- (2) If the commissioner finds that the state plan for conservation and development is inconsistent with an approved river corridor protection plan for a designated river corridor, he shall apply to the secretary for a revision pursuant to section 16a-32.
- (3) Every regional plan of <u>conservation and</u> development adopted pursuant to section 8-35a <u>of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes</u>, as amended by this act, to the extent that it affects a designated river corridor, shall be consistent with the approved river corridor protection plan for such corridor and any regional plan of <u>conservation and</u> development which is inconsistent with such approved river corridor protection plan shall be modified accordingly. Such modifications shall be made in consultation with the commissioner.
- (4) Every municipal plan of conservation and development adopted pursuant to section 8-23 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, to the extent that it affects a designated river corridor, shall be consistent with the approved river corridor protection plan for such corridor and any municipal plan of conservation and development which is inconsistent with such approved river corridor protection plan shall be modified accordingly. Such modifications shall be made in consultation with the commissioner.
- (5) The commissioner may notify any applicable federal agency of the designation of a river corridor and may take any other appropriate action to assure consideration of such designation in federal programs

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- (e) (1) Neither the commissioner nor the Connecticut Siting Council shall issue a permit or other approval for any activity within a river corridor designated under section 25-205 unless the commissioner or the council, as the case may be, determines that such activity would not adversely affect any of the resources protected pursuant to the plan for such corridor.
  - (2) A member municipality may submit written testimony to the commissioner and may appear by right as a party to any hearing before the commissioner concerning any permit or other license to be issued by the commissioner for an activity proposed within a designated river corridor and may appeal any decision of the commissioner concerning such permit or other license to the superior court in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.
- Sec. 17. Section 25-236 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
  - (a) Within thirty days of the commissioner's approval of a map and river corridor management plan pursuant to section 25-235, the river commission shall file such map and plan in the office of the town clerk in each member municipality.
  - (b) Within one year of the commissioner's approval of a map and river corridor management plan pursuant to section 25-235, each member municipality shall amend its zoning, subdivision, site plan, floodplain and wetlands regulations, its municipal plan of development and any other applicable laws or plans in accordance with the recommendations of the approved river corridor management plan. The river commission shall assist member municipalities in adopting any such amendments and, on behalf of a member municipality, may petition the commissioner for an extension of the one-year deadline specified in this subsection for amending applicable laws or plans. Before adopting any such amendment, the municipality shall submit the proposed amendment to the commissioner and such

proposed amendment shall not be adopted unless the commissioner finds in writing, within ninety days, that it is consistent with the approved river corridor management plan.

- (c) (1) After a member municipality has completed amending applicable laws and plans pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, no zoning variance or other exception to any such amended law or plan shall be granted if such variance or other exception affects a river corridor with respect to which there exists an approved river corridor management plan unless the applicant demonstrates that such variance or other exception satisfies any applicable legal requirements and the zoning board of appeals for such municipality, or the agency with jurisdiction over the application at issue, in consultation with the river commission, finds in writing that such variance or exception is compatible with the approved river corridor management plan or the zoning board of appeals or the agency with jurisdiction over the application has determined that the applicant has presented sufficient evidence to prove that the property's exceptional difficulty or unusual hardship warrants such variance or exception.
- (2) No portion of any applicable municipal law or plan affecting a river corridor with respect to which a river corridor management plan has been approved shall be revised unless such municipality has allowed the river commission to comment on such proposed revision and has considered any such comments.
- (d) If the commissioner determines that any member municipality has failed or is failing to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) or (b) of this section or if he determines that the plan cannot effectively be implemented as a result of a municipality withdrawing from the commission, he and the Connecticut Siting Council shall not be subject to the provisions of subsections (f) and (g) of this section.
- (e) (1) Every major state plan, other than the state plan for conservation and development, to the extent that such major state plan affects any river corridor for which the commissioner has approved a river corridor management plan, shall be consistent with such

management plan. Any major state plan, other than the state plan for conservation and development, which is inconsistent with a river corridor management plan shall be modified accordingly. Such modifications shall be made in consultation with the commissioner at the next scheduled revision of such plan.

- (2) If all the member municipalities of a river commission have amended their applicable laws and plans pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and if the commissioner finds that the state plan for conservation and development is inconsistent with the subject river corridor management plan, he shall apply to the secretary for a revision pursuant to section 16a-32.
- (3) Every regional plan of <u>conservation and</u> development adopted pursuant to section 8-35a <u>of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes</u>, as amended by this act, to the extent that it affects any river corridor for which the commissioner has approved a river corridor management plan, shall be consistent with such management plan. Any regional plan of <u>conservation and</u> development which is inconsistent with a river corridor management plan shall be modified accordingly. Such modifications shall be made in consultation with the commissioner.
- (4) Every municipal plan of development adopted pursuant to section 8-23 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, to the extent that it affects any river corridor for which the commissioner has approved a river corridor management plan, shall be consistent with such management plan. Any municipal plan of development which is inconsistent with a river corridor management plan shall be modified accordingly. Such modifications shall be made in consultation with the commissioner.
- (5) The commissioner may notify any applicable federal agency of his approval of a river corridor management plan and may take any other appropriate action to assure consideration of such plan in federal programs or activities.

(f) (1) For the purpose of protecting or preserving river corridor resources, the commissioner may acquire real property or any interest therein within a river corridor for which he has approved a river corridor management plan. Such acquisition may be by purchase at fair market value, gift or devise. The commissioner may accept any gift or bequest of money or other personal property to be used to acquire such real property or interest therein, or to meet expenses involved in maintaining such real property. Such funds shall be held by the State Treasurer to be used and expended under the direction of the commissioner.

- (2) For the purpose of protecting or preserving river corridor resources, and subject to any lawful restrictions on acquisition of lands acquired with state funds, a municipality may acquire real property or any interest therein within a river corridor for which such commission has adopted a river corridor management plan. Such acquisition may be by purchase at fair market value, gift or devise. Such municipality may accept any gift or bequest of money or other personal property to be used to acquire such real property or interest therein, or to meet expenses involved in maintaining such real property.
- (g) (1) The commissioner shall coordinate the activities, including the granting of permits and other approvals, of all regulatory programs under his jurisdiction to assure that the administration of such programs is consistent with every approved river corridor management plan. Neither the commissioner nor the Connecticut Siting Council shall issue a permit or other approval for any activity which may affect a river corridor for which the commissioner has approved a river corridor management plan under section 25-235 unless the commissioner determines that such activity would not adversely affect any of the resources protected under such plan.
- (2) A member municipality may submit written testimony to the commissioner and may appear by right as a party to any hearing before the commissioner concerning any permit or other approval to be issued by the commissioner for an activity proposed within an

approved river corridor, and may appeal any decision of the commissioner concerning such permit or other approval to the Superior Court in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

- Sec. 18. Section 8-23 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
  - (a) (1) At least once every ten years, the commission shall prepare or amend and shall adopt a plan of conservation and development for the municipality. Following adoption, the commission shall regularly review and maintain such plan. The commission may adopt such geographical, functional or other amendments to the plan or parts of the plan, in accordance with the provisions of this section, as it deems necessary. The commission may, at any time, prepare, amend and adopt plans for the redevelopment and improvement of districts or neighborhoods which, in its judgment, contain special problems or opportunities or show a trend toward lower land values.
  - (2) If a plan is not amended decennially, the chief elected official of the municipality shall submit a letter to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the Commissioners of Transportation, Environmental Protection and Economic and Community Development that explains why such plan was not amended. Until the plan is amended in accordance with this subsection, a copy of such letter shall be included in each application by the municipality for funding for the conservation or development of real property submitted to said secretary or commissioners.
  - (b) In the preparation of such plan, the commission may appoint committees develop one or more special to and make recommendations for the plan. The membership of any special committee may include: Residents of the municipality and representatives of local boards dealing with zoning, inland wetlands, conservation, recreation, education, public works, redevelopment, general government and other municipal functions. In performing its duties under this section, the commission or any special

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committee may accept information from any source or solicit input from any organization or individual. The commission or any special committee may hold public informational meetings or organize other activities to inform residents about the process of preparing the plan.

- (c) In preparing such plan, the commission or any special committee shall consider the following: (1) The community development action plan of the municipality, if any, (2) the need for affordable housing, (3) the need for protection of existing and potential public surface and ground drinking water supplies, (4) the use of cluster development and other development patterns to the extent consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity within the municipality, (5) the state plan of conservation and development adopted pursuant to chapter 297, (6) the regional plan of conservation and development adopted pursuant to section 8-35a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, (7) physical, social, economic and governmental conditions and trends, (8) the needs of the municipality including, but not limited to, human resources, education, health, housing, recreation, social services, public utilities, public protection, transportation and circulation and cultural and interpersonal communications, (9) the objectives of energy-efficient patterns of development, the use of solar and other renewable forms of energy and energy conservation, and (10) protection and preservation of agriculture.
- (d) (1) Such plan of conservation and development shall (A) be a statement of policies, goals and standards for the physical and economic development of the municipality, (B) provide for a system of principal thoroughfares, parkways, bridges, streets, sidewalks, multipurpose trails and other public ways as appropriate, (C) be designed to promote, with the greatest efficiency and economy, the coordinated development of the municipality and the general welfare and prosperity of its people and identify areas where it is feasible and prudent (i) to have compact, transit accessible, pedestrian-oriented mixed use development patterns and land reuse, and (ii) to promote such development patterns and land reuse, (D) recommend the most

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desirable use of land within the municipality for residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, conservation and other purposes and include a map showing such proposed land uses, (E) recommend the most desirable density of population in the several parts of the municipality, (F) note any inconsistencies with the following growth management principles: (i) Redevelopment and revitalization of commercial centers and areas of mixed land uses with existing or infrastructure; (ii) planned physical expansion of housing opportunities and design choices to accommodate a variety of household types and needs; (iii) concentration of development around transportation nodes and along major transportation corridors to support the viability of transportation options and land reuse; (iv) conservation and restoration of the natural environment, cultural and historical resources and existing farmlands; (v) protection of environmental assets critical to public health and safety; and (vi) integration of planning across all levels of government to address issues on a local, regional and state-wide basis, (G) make provision for the development of housing opportunities, including opportunities for multifamily dwellings, consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity, for all residents of the municipality and the planning region in which the municipality is located, as designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management under section 16a-4a, (H) promote housing choice and economic diversity in housing, including housing for both low and moderate income households, and encourage the development of housing which will meet the housing needs identified in the housing plan prepared pursuant to section 8-37t and in the housing component and the other components of the state plan of conservation and development prepared pursuant to chapter 297. In preparing such plan the commission shall consider focusing development and revitalization in areas with existing or planned physical infrastructure.

(2) For any municipality that is contiguous to Long Island Sound, such plan shall be (A) consistent with the municipal coastal program requirements of sections 22a-101 to 22a-104, inclusive, (B) made with reasonable consideration for restoration and protection of the

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ecosystem and habitat of Long Island Sound, and (C) designed to reduce hypoxia, pathogens, toxic contaminants and floatable debris in Long Island Sound.

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- (e) Such plan may show the commission's and any special committee's recommendation for (1) conservation and preservation of traprock and other ridgelines, (2) airports, parks, playgrounds and other public grounds, (3) the general location, relocation and improvement of schools and other public buildings, (4) the general location and extent of public utilities and terminals, whether publicly or privately owned, for water, sewerage, light, power, transit and other purposes, (5) the extent and location of public housing projects, (6) programs for the implementation of the plan, including (A) a schedule, (B) a budget for public capital projects, (C) a program for enactment and enforcement of zoning and subdivision controls, building and housing codes and safety regulations, (D) plans for implementation of affordable housing, (E) plans for open space acquisition and greenways protection and development, and (F) plans for corridor management areas along limited access highways or rail lines, designated under section 16a-27, (7) proposed priority funding areas, and (8) any other recommendations as will, in the commission's or any special committee's judgment, be beneficial to the municipality. The plan may include any necessary and related maps, explanatory material, photographs, charts or other pertinent data and information relative to the past, present and future trends of the municipality.
- (f) (1) A plan of conservation and development or any part thereof or amendment thereto prepared by the commission or any special committee shall be reviewed, and may be amended, by the commission prior to scheduling at least one public hearing on adoption.
- (2) At least sixty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall submit a copy of such plan or part thereof or amendment thereto for review and comment to the legislative body or, in the case of a municipality for which the legislative body of the

municipality is a town meeting or representative town meeting, to the board of selectmen. The legislative body or board of selectmen, as the case may be, may hold one or more public hearings on the plan and shall endorse or reject such entire plan or part thereof or amendment and may submit comments and recommended changes to the commission. The commission may render a decision on the plan without the report of such body or board.

- (3) At least thirty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall post the plan on the Internet web site of the municipality, if any.
- (4) At least sixty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall submit a copy of such plan or part thereof or amendment thereto to the regional planning agency for review and comment. The regional planning agency shall submit an advisory report along with its comments to the commission at or before the hearing. Such comments shall include a finding on the consistency of the plan with (A) the regional plan of conservation and development, adopted under section 8-35a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, (B) the state plan of conservation and development, adopted pursuant to chapter 297, and (C) the plans of conservation and development of other municipalities in the area of operation of the regional planning agency. The commission may render a decision on the plan without the report of the regional planning agency.
  - (5) At least thirty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall file in the office of the town clerk a copy of such plan or part thereof or amendment thereto but, in the case of a district commission, such commission shall file such information in the offices of both the district clerk and the town clerk.
  - (6) The commission shall cause to be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the municipality, at least twice at intervals of not less than two days, the first not more than fifteen days, or less than ten days, and the last not less than two days prior to the

1040 date of each such hearing, notice of the time and place of any such public hearing. Such notice shall make reference to the filing of such 1042 draft plan in the office of the town clerk, or both the district clerk and 1043 the town clerk, as the case may be.

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- (g) (1) After completion of the public hearing, the commission may revise the plan and may adopt the plan or any part thereof or amendment thereto by a single resolution or may, by successive resolutions, adopt parts of the plan and amendments thereto.
- (2) Any plan, section of a plan or recommendation in the plan that is not endorsed in the report of the legislative body or, in the case of a municipality for which the legislative body is a town meeting or representative town meeting, by the board of selectmen, of the municipality may only be adopted by the commission by a vote of not less than two-thirds of all the members of the commission.
- (3) Upon adoption by the commission, any plan or part thereof or amendment thereto shall become effective at a time established by the commission, provided notice thereof shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the municipality prior to such effective date.
- (4) Not more than thirty days after adoption, any plan or part thereof or amendment thereto shall be posted on the Internet web site of the municipality, if any, and shall be filed in the office of the town clerk, except that, if it is a district plan or amendment, it shall be filed in the offices of both the district and town clerks.
- (5) Not more than sixty days after adoption of the plan, the commission shall submit a copy of the plan to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and shall include with such copy a description of any inconsistency between the plan adopted by the commission and the state plan of conservation and development and the reasons therefor.
- (h) Any owner or tenant, or authorized agent of such owner or

tenant, of real property or buildings thereon located in the municipality may submit a proposal to the commission requesting a change to the plan of conservation and development. Such proposal shall be submitted in writing and on a form prescribed by the commission. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 8-7d of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, the commission shall review and may approve, modify and approve or reject the proposal in accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) of this section.

- Sec. 19. Section 8-23 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by section 3 of public act 07-239 and section 4 of public act 07-5 of the June special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):
- (a) (1) At least once every ten years, the commission shall prepare or amend and shall adopt a plan of conservation and development for the municipality. Following adoption, the commission shall regularly review and maintain such plan. The commission may adopt such geographical, functional or other amendments to the plan or parts of the plan, in accordance with the provisions of this section, as it deems necessary. The commission may, at any time, prepare, amend and adopt plans for the redevelopment and improvement of districts or neighborhoods which, in its judgment, contain special problems or opportunities or show a trend toward lower land values.
- (2) If a plan is not amended decennially, the chief elected official of the municipality shall submit a letter to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the Commissioners of Transportation, Environmental Protection and Economic and Community Development that explains why such plan was not amended. A copy of such letter shall be included in each application by the municipality for discretionary state funding submitted to any state agency.
- (b) Until the plan is amended in accordance with this subsection the municipality shall be ineligible for discretionary state funding unless such prohibition is expressly waived by the secretary.

(c) In the preparation of such plan, the commission may appoint one or more special committees to develop and make recommendations for the plan. The membership of any special committee may include: Residents of the municipality and representatives of local boards dealing with zoning, inland wetlands, conservation, recreation, education, public works, finance, redevelopment, general government and other municipal functions. In performing its duties under this section, the commission or any special committee may accept information from any source or solicit input from any organization or individual. The commission or any special committee may hold public informational meetings or organize other activities to inform residents about the process of preparing the plan.

(d) In preparing such plan, the commission or any special committee shall consider the following: (1) The community development action plan of the municipality, if any, (2) the need for affordable housing, (3) the need for protection of existing and potential public surface and ground drinking water supplies, (4) the use of cluster development and other development patterns to the extent consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity within the municipality, (5) the state plan of conservation and development adopted pursuant to chapter 297, (6) the regional plan of conservation and development adopted pursuant to section 8-35a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, (7) physical, social, economic and governmental conditions and trends, (8) the needs of the municipality including, but not limited to, human resources, education, health, housing, recreation, social services, public utilities, public protection, transportation and circulation and cultural and interpersonal communications, (9) the objectives of energyefficient patterns of development, the use of solar and other renewable forms of energy and energy conservation, and (10) protection and preservation of agriculture.

(e) (1) Such plan of conservation and development shall (A) be a statement of policies, goals and standards for the physical and economic development of the municipality, (B) provide for a system of

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principal thoroughfares, parkways, bridges, streets, sidewalks, multipurpose trails and other public ways as appropriate, (C) be designed to promote, with the greatest efficiency and economy, the coordinated development of the municipality and the general welfare and prosperity of its people and identify areas where it is feasible and prudent (i) to have compact, transit accessible, pedestrian-oriented mixed use development patterns and land reuse, and (ii) to promote such development patterns and land reuse, (D) recommend the most desirable use of land within the municipality for residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, conservation and other purposes and include a map showing such proposed land uses, (E) recommend the most desirable density of population in the several parts of the municipality, (F) note any inconsistencies with the following growth management principles: (i) Redevelopment and revitalization of commercial centers and areas of mixed land uses with existing or planned physical infrastructure; (ii) expansion of housing opportunities and design choices to accommodate a variety of household types and needs; (iii) concentration of development around transportation nodes and along major transportation corridors to support the viability of transportation options and land reuse; (iv) conservation and restoration of the natural environment, cultural and historical resources and existing farmlands; (v) protection of environmental assets critical to public health and safety; and (vi) integration of planning across all levels of government to address issues on a local, regional and state-wide basis, (G) make provision for the development of housing opportunities, including opportunities for multifamily dwellings, consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity, for all residents of the municipality and the planning region in which the municipality is located, as designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management under section 16a-4a, (H) promote housing choice and economic diversity in housing, including housing for both low and moderate income households, and encourage the development of housing which will meet the housing needs identified in the housing plan prepared pursuant to section 8-37t and in the housing component and the other

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components of the state plan of conservation and development prepared pursuant to chapter 297. In preparing such plan the commission shall consider focusing development and revitalization in areas with existing or planned physical infrastructure.

- (2) For any municipality that is contiguous to Long Island Sound, such plan shall be (A) consistent with the municipal coastal program requirements of sections 22a-101 to 22a-104, inclusive, (B) made with reasonable consideration for restoration and protection of the ecosystem and habitat of Long Island Sound, and (C) designed to reduce hypoxia, pathogens, toxic contaminants and floatable debris in Long Island Sound.
- (f) Such plan may show the commission's and any special committee's recommendation for (1) conservation and preservation of traprock and other ridgelines, (2) airports, parks, playgrounds and other public grounds, (3) the general location, relocation and improvement of schools and other public buildings, (4) the general location and extent of public utilities and terminals, whether publicly or privately owned, for water, sewerage, light, power, transit and other purposes, (5) the extent and location of public housing projects, (6) programs for the implementation of the plan, including (A) a schedule, (B) a budget for public capital projects, (C) a program for enactment and enforcement of zoning and subdivision controls, building and housing codes and safety regulations, (D) plans for implementation of affordable housing, (E) plans for open space acquisition and greenways protection and development, and (F) plans for corridor management areas along limited access highways or rail lines, designated under section 16a-27, (7) proposed priority funding areas, and (8) any other recommendations as will, in the commission's or any special committee's judgment, be beneficial to the municipality. The plan may include any necessary and related maps, explanatory material, photographs, charts or other pertinent data and information relative to the past, present and future trends of the municipality.
  - (g) (1) A plan of conservation and development or any part thereof

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or amendment thereto prepared by the commission or any special committee shall be reviewed, and may be amended, by the commission prior to scheduling at least one public hearing on adoption.

- (2) At least sixty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall submit a copy of such plan or part thereof or amendment thereto for review and comment to the legislative body or, in the case of a municipality for which the legislative body of the municipality is a town meeting or representative town meeting, to the board of selectmen. The legislative body or board of selectmen, as the case may be, may hold one or more public hearings on the plan and shall endorse or reject such entire plan or part thereof or amendment and may submit comments and recommended changes to the commission. The commission may render a decision on the plan without the report of such body or board.
- (3) At least thirty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall post the plan on the Internet web site of the municipality, if any.
- (4) At least sixty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption, the commission shall submit a copy of such plan or part thereof or amendment thereto to the regional planning agency for review and comment. The regional planning agency shall submit an advisory report along with its comments to the commission at or before the hearing. Such comments shall include a finding on the consistency of the plan with (A) the regional plan of conservation and development, adopted under section 8-35a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, (B) the state plan of conservation and development, adopted pursuant to chapter 297, and (C) the plans of conservation and development of other municipalities in the area of operation of the regional planning agency. The commission may render a decision on the plan without the report of the regional planning agency.
- 1238 (5) At least thirty-five days prior to the public hearing on adoption,

the commission shall file in the office of the town clerk a copy of such plan or part thereof or amendment thereto but, in the case of a district commission, such commission shall file such information in the offices of both the district clerk and the town clerk.

- (6) The commission shall cause to be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the municipality, at least twice at intervals of not less than two days, the first not more than fifteen days, or less than ten days, and the last not less than two days prior to the date of each such hearing, notice of the time and place of any such public hearing. Such notice shall make reference to the filing of such draft plan in the office of the town clerk, or both the district clerk and the town clerk, as the case may be.
- (h) (1) After completion of the public hearing, the commission may revise the plan and may adopt the plan or any part thereof or amendment thereto by a single resolution or may, by successive resolutions, adopt parts of the plan and amendments thereto.
- (2) Any plan, section of a plan or recommendation in the plan that is not endorsed in the report of the legislative body or, in the case of a municipality for which the legislative body is a town meeting or representative town meeting, by the board of selectmen, of the municipality may only be adopted by the commission by a vote of not less than two-thirds of all the members of the commission.
- (3) Upon adoption by the commission, any plan or part thereof or amendment thereto shall become effective at a time established by the commission, provided notice thereof shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the municipality prior to such effective date.
- (4) Not more than thirty days after adoption, any plan or part thereof or amendment thereto shall be posted on the Internet web site of the municipality, if any, and shall be filed in the office of the town clerk, except that, if it is a district plan or amendment, it shall be filed in the offices of both the district and town clerks.

(5) Not more than sixty days after adoption of the plan, the commission shall submit a copy of the plan to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and shall include with such copy a description of any inconsistency between the plan adopted by the commission and the state plan of conservation and development and the reasons therefor.

(i) Any owner or tenant, or authorized agent of such owner or tenant, of real property or buildings thereon located in the municipality may submit a proposal to the commission requesting a change to the plan of conservation and development. Such proposal shall be submitted in writing and on a form prescribed by the commission. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 8-7d of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, as amended by this act, the commission shall review and may approve, modify and approve or reject the proposal in accordance with the provisions of subsection (g) of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2008</i>	4-124i
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2008</i>	23-102(b)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2008</i>	25-204(d)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2008</i>	25-204(f)
Sec. 5	October 1, 2008	25-234(d) to (f)
Sec. 6	October 1, 2008	4-124h
Sec. 7	October 1, 2008	8-33a
Sec. 8	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 9	October 1, 2008	8-7d(a)
Sec. 10	October 1, 2008	16a-4a
Sec. 11	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 12	October 1, 2008	16a-27
Sec. 13	July 1, 2008	4-124s
Sec. 14	October 1, 2008	8-35a
Sec. 15	October 1, 2008	8-389
Sec. 16	October 1, 2008	25-206
Sec. 17	October 1, 2008	25-236
Sec. 18	October 1, 2008	8-23

# Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In the first sentence of subsection (b) of section 8, "planning commission" was changed to "planning and zoning commission" for accuracy and section 20, which duplicated section 17, was deleted for accuracy.

PRI Joint Favorable Subst. C/R PD

PD Joint Favorable Subst.-LCO

The following fiscal impact statement and bill analysis are prepared for the benefit of members of the General Assembly, solely for the purpose of information, summarization, and explanation, and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose:

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

# State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 09 \$	FY 10 \$	FY 11
Policy & Mgmt.,	GF - Cost	None	\$100,000 -	\$100,000 -
Off.			\$150,000	\$150,000

Note: GF=General Fund

# Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 09 \$	FY 10 \$
Various Municipalities	Cost	Potential	Potential
	Avoidance	Significant	Significant

# **Explanation**

Section 11 of the bill results in costs to the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) of \$100,000 - \$150,000 in both FY 10 and FY 11 for consultants to gather and analyze data and to update regional borders as required by the bill.

Additionally, Section 13 expands the range of projects eligible for regional performance incentive grants and eliminates other requirements for proposed projects. The budget bill, sHB 5021, as favorably reported by the Appropriations Committee on March 26, 2008, contains \$5 million in FY 09 in the Office of Policy and Management for this purpose. It is anticipated that any grants to regional entities will result in a cost avoidance to member municipalities.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact for regional performance incentive grants identified above would continue into the future

subject to inflation and available appropriations. The costs to OPM to update borders will recur in twenty years, when the next update to the regional borders is scheduled to occur.

# OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5324

# AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PROGRAM REVIEW AND INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE STUDY OF REGIONAL PLANNING ORGANIZATIONS.

#### **SUMMARY:**

This bill expands the capacity for state and regional planning. It requires the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) secretary to (1) rank the state's policies for developing and conserving land and (2) track the extent to which the state's principles for managing growth are being implemented. These policies and principles are specified in the State Plan of Conservation and Development (Plan of C&D), which serves as the basis for state agencies deciding whether to fund major physical development projects.

The bill also requires the secretary to reassess the boundaries of the state's planning regions at least once every 20 years and change them if necessary. The law allows towns within these regions to form three types of regional planning bodies. The rules governing these bodies vary. The bill gives them largely the same powers and duties and refers to them collectively as regional planning organizations (RPOs). It also makes many conforming technical changes regarding RPOs.

By law, most RPOs must prepare a 10-year regional plan of development. These plans do not have to be consistent with the state plan, but the law requires the secretary to review them to determine if they are not inconsistent with the state plan. The bill requires the secretary to develop uniform criteria for reviewing regional plans.

The bill requires municipal zoning commissions to notify RPOs about projects that could affect a region and specifies a procedure for

doing so. The secretary must adopt regulatory criteria commissions must use to determine if a project could affect the region.

Lastly, the bill expands the range of projects eligible for regional performance incentive grants, which are currently available for delivering an existing municipal service on a regional basis. The bill extends eligibility to new services that are not being provided anywhere in the region. It also drops the requirement that proposed projects increase local purchasing power or lower tax rates but requires the secretary to give priority to those that do.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2008 except, for the changes affecting the regional performance incentive grants, which take effect July 1, 2008.

#### STATE PLANNING

### § 12 — State Plan of Conservation and Development

By law, the OPM secretary must prepare the State Plan of Conservation and Development and revise it every five years. The plan contains policies and growth management principles for managing the state's physical development. State agencies must consider them when deciding whether to fund sewers, roads, public facilities, and other large-scale infrastructure that could affect where private developers build homes, stores, and office parks.

The bill expands the plan's capacity as a decision making tool. It requires the secretary to rank the plan's policies and adopt standards for determining if they are being met. Specifically, he must:

- 1. assign a priority to each policy,
- 2. estimate how much it would cost to implement it and identify potential funding sources,
- 3. identify the entities that must implement it, and
- 4. specify the schedule for doing so.

The secretary must also track the extent to which the plan's principles are being met. He must do so by developing three standards or benchmarks for each principle. Each set of benchmarks must include one that measures the principle's financial effects.

# §§ 10 & 11 — Designating Planning Regions

By law, the OPM secretary must divide the state into logical planning regions. Specifically, he must designate and redesignate the region's boundaries, but the law neither specifies the number of regions he must designate nor the timeframe for reconsidering the current designations. The 15 current planning regions were designated during the late 1950s.

The bill requires the secretary to analyze the existing regions' boundaries at least once every 20 years and redesignate them if necessary. He must do so by October 1, 2011. Any revisions he makes before that date take effect on July 1, 2012. Any subsequent revisions take effect on July 1 after the revision.

When analyzing the regions, the secretary must develop criteria to evaluate how urban centers affect neighboring towns. At a minimum, the criteria must evaluate environmental and economic development trends, including housing, employment levels, commuting patterns for the most common types of jobs, traffic patterns on major roads, and changes in how people see social and historic ties. The criteria must also specify a minimum size for logical planning areas based on the number of municipalities, total population, and total square mileage.

# §§ 1, 6, & 7 — REGIONAL PLANNING ORGANIZATIONS

Just as the law requires the secretary to prepare a state plan of conservation and development, it requires regional planning bodies to prepare similar plans for their respective regions. The bill refers to these bodies as "regional planning organizations" (RPO). The law allows towns to form three types of RPOs: regional planning agencies (RPA), regional councils of elected officials (RCEO), and regional councils of governments (RCOG). Their powers and duties vary, and

so do the rules for forming them.

Towns can establish an RPA to prepare the statutorily required regional plan of development. Their representatives on the RPA's board are not limited to each town's chief elected official. Consequently, they may form a regional council of elected officials to air mutual concerns and interests. This council may perform the RPA's duties if the region does not have one.

Lastly, the towns can put the policy making and planning functions under their chief elected officials by establishing a regional council of governments that automatically supplants and assumes the duties of the RPA. This council includes a regional planning commission consisting of one representative from each local planning commission.

The bill places RCEOs on the same footing as the other RPOs. By law, two or more towns in a region can form an RCEO. Consequently, they are easier to form than RPAs and RCOGs, which require the approval of at least 60% of the region's towns. The bill gives RCEOs the same powers as regional councils of governments in regions where the latter do not exist. This allows them to acquire real estate (CGS § 4-124r), advise the transportation commission about alternative standards for roads and bridges (CGS § 13a-13a), and advise the economic and community development commissioner about strategic economic development plans (CGS § 32-10).

Under the bill, RPAs' bylaws must include provisions requiring the chief elected officials of the RPA's member towns to hold quarterly meetings on regional issues. By law each participating town gets two seats on the RPA's board, and those with more than 25,000 people get an extra representative for each 50,000 people. But, as noted above, the representatives need not be the towns' chief elected officials (CGS § 8-31a).

#### REGIONAL LAND USE COORDINATION

# § 14 — Regional Plans of Conservation and Development

The bill requires the OPM secretary to adopt regulations for

reviewing regional plans of development, which the bill renames regional plans of conservation and development. The law requires RPAs and RCOGs to prepare a regional plan at least once every 10 years. RCEOs must comply with this requirement if they choose to exercise regional planning powers.

In either case, the law requires these bodies to submit the plan to the secretary at least 65 days before the hearing on the plan. The secretary must determine if the plan is not inconsistent with the State Plan of C&D and the state's strategic economic development plan and submit his comments and recommendations on this matter to the RPO. By October 1, 2011, the bill requires the secretary to adopt regulatory criteria for reviewing these plans and issuing his findings.

# §§ 8 & 9—Projects of Regional Significance

The bill creates a process through which RPOs can review and comment on proposed projects that could affect other towns. The process applies to projects seeking zoning approval and that require a public hearing. The approval can come from a zoning commission or a combined planning and zoning commission.

The OPM secretary must adopt regulations, in consultation with the Responsible Growth Interagency Steering Council, specifying the criteria commissions must use to determine if a project affects other towns, including those in contiguous regions. He must consider a project's location, type, and size. A commission must apply them to any petition, application, or request for zoning approval (i.e., the application).

The procedure is triggered when the commission receives an application that requires a public hearing. The law requires hearings for special permits and requests for zone changes, but not site plan applications requiring no regulatory changes. If the commission must or chooses to hold a public hearing on the application, it must determine if the project is regionally significant and, if it is, notify the RPO in writing about it within 30 days before the hearing. If the town

borders a town in a different region, the commission must notify that town's RPO as well.

The RPO must study the application and report its findings and recommendations to the commission at or before its hearing. In doing so, the RPO must analyze the extent to which the project complies with the region's plan. The RPO may also analyze other issues it deems critical to the analysis. The commission must include the report in the hearing record. The bill creates a presumption that the RPO does not disapprove the plan if it submits no report.

The law already requires the commission to give similar notice about proposed zone changes within 500 feet of another town. It must do so if its RPO is an RPA or RCOG (CGS § 8-3b). The commission must notify the RPA within 30 days before the hearing, and the RPA must review study the proposal and report back to the commission. A similar process applies to subdivisions within 500 feet of a contiguous town (CGS 8-26b).

# §§ 3, 4, & 5 — River Protection Plans

The bill includes RCEOs exercising regional planning powers in the review of river protection plans. By law, the OPM secretary must coordinate the review of these plans and related documents, which are prepared by organizations that manage river resources. These organizations are river committees, which the Department of Environmental Protection commissioner may establish for state-designated river corridors, and river commissions, which two or more towns may establish for a river that forms their boundaries or flows through them (CGS §§ 25-203 and 25-232).

The bill requires the secretary to include RCEOs exercising regional planning duties in the reviews he coordinates of river management plans. The current law limits the RPOs' participation to RPAs and RCOGs.

# § 13 — FUNDING FOR REGIONALLY DELIVERED SERVICES Grants for New Services

The bill makes new services eligible for regional performance incentive grants. Current law allows the secretary to provide grants for delivering an existing municipal service on a regional basis. A service qualifies for a grant only if one or more towns in the region are delivering the service separately, not regionally. Only RPOs may apply for the grants.

The bill allows the secretary to provide grants also for delivering a service that is not being provided by any town in the region. As with existing services, a new service qualifies for a grant if two or more towns will deliver it together. The bill also qualifies planning studies for grants. The study may examine delivering an existing or new service on a regional basis.

The bill also opens the grants up to more proposals in other ways. It does so by dropping the requirement limiting proposals only to those that increase the participating towns' purchasing power or that lower costs to the point where towns can reduce tax rates. Although the bill eliminates this requirement, it requires the secretary to give priority to proposals that will produce these effects.

#### Application Requirements

The bill changes the grant application requirements. Under current law, an RPO must submit a proposal to the secretary describing:

- 1. at least one service currently provided on a municipal rather than a regional basis;
- 2. how the service would be delivered regionally, including which entity would deliver it and how the population would continue to be served;
- 3. how the service would achieve economies of scale and how much would be saved; and
- 4. the mill rate reduction due to the resulting savings and how this reduction would be implemented.

The proposal must also:

1. include a cost/benefit analysis of providing the service on a regional versus municipal basis,

- 2. set out an implementation plan for providing the service regionally,
- 3. estimate the savings for each municipality, and
- 4. include other information the secretary requests.

The bill additionally requires the proposal to explain the need for the service and the potential legal obstacles to delivering it regionally. Under current law, the proposal must include an attachment certifying that there are no legal obstacles to regionally delivering the service. The bill drops this requirement and those for estimated cost savings and other information the secretary requires.

Under current law, each participating town's legislative body must adopt a resolution endorsing the proposal, and the resolution must be attached to it. In towns where the legislative body is the town meeting, the resolution must come from the board of selectmen.

# Funding Criteria

The bill changes the criteria for awarding the grants. Under current law, the secretary must give priority to proposals that involve at least half of an RCOG's member towns. Under the bill, he must give priority to those that involve all of an RPO's member towns.

The bill also requires the secretary to give priority to proposals that increase the municipalities' purchasing power or that cut costs and consequently lower tax rates. As mentioned above, current law allows RPOs to submit proposals that only have these effects.

Starting in 2008, the bill pushes back the deadline for submitting grant applications from December 1 to December 31.

## Reporting Deadline

The law requires the secretary to report annually about the grants to the Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee. Under current law, the report is due February 1. The bill pushes back the deadline to March 1.

#### **BACKGROUND**

# Responsible Growth Interagency Steering Council

The governor created this interagency council under Executive Order 15 to coordinate state policies and programs aimed at revitalizing cities and preserving open spaces. It consists of OPM; the departments of Agriculture, Transportation, Environment Protection, Public Health, and Economic and Community Development; the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority; and the Connecticut Development Authority.

# Regional Planning Organizations

Table 1 shows the type of RPO operating in each planning region.

**Table 1: Regional Planning Organization** 

Regional Councils of	Regional Planning	Regional Councils of
Governments	Agencies	Elected Officials
Capitol Region Council	Central Connecticut	Housatonic Valley
of Governments	Regional Planning	Council of Elected
	Agency	Officials
Council of		
Governments of the	Connecticut River	Litchfield Council of
Central Naugatuck	Estuary Regional	Elected Officials
Valley	Planning Agency	
Northeastern	Greater Bridgeport	
Connecticut Council of	Regional Planning	
Governments	Agency	
South Central Regional	Midstate Regional	
Council of	Planning Agency	
Governments		
	Southwestern	
Southeastern	Connecticut Regional	

Connecticut Council of	Planning Agency	
Governments		
Valley Council of		
Governments		
Windham Region		
Council of Government		

# **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Program Review and Investigations Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Change of Reference Yea 9 Nay 0 (03/06/2008)

Planning and Development Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 20 Nay 0 (03/12/2008)